Appln. No.: 10/691,442 Preliminary Amendment

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Original) A computer readable medium storing a data structure defining a window for drawing on a desktop representation displayed on a display device, comprising:

a first data field storing base content object properties for a base content object of the window; and

a second data field storing content object properties for a plurality of discrete primary content objects.

- 2. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the first data field is subdivided to store base object properties comprising a base geometry.
- 3. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the first data field is subdivided to store base object properties comprising base content margins, a base extent, and a base material.
- 4. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 2, wherein the first data field is further subdivided to store base geometry properties comprising a plurality of vertices defining a mesh.
- 5. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 3, wherein the first data field is further subdivided to store base material properties comprising an ambient color, a diffusive color, and a specular color.
- 6. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 5, wherein each of the ambient color, diffusive color, and specular color are defined as an ARGB value.
- 7. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 3, wherein the first data field is further subdivided to store base material properties comprising a reflection scalar and a refraction index.

12028243001

Appln. No.: 10/691,442 Preliminary Amendment

8. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 3, wherein the first data field is further subdivided to store base material properties comprising a diffuse texture and a bump texture.

- 9. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the second data field is further subdivided to store a content geometry and a content surface for each primary content object.
- 10. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 9, wherein the second data field is further subdivided to store content surface properties comprising an ARGB texture for each primary content object.
  - 11. (Original) A data processing system comprising:

a memory storing window properties comprising, for a plurality of windows for which properties are stored, properties for a base object and properties for one or more primary content objects;

a compositing desktop window manager software module that composes a desktop based on the window properties of each window for which properties are stored,

wherein for one of the plurality of windows for which properties are stored, the memory stores a plurality of primary content objects.

- 12. (Original) The data processing system of claim 11, wherein the properties for the base object comprise a base geometry.
- 13. (Original) The data processing system of claim 11, wherein the properties for the base object comprise base content margins, a base extent, and a base material.
- 14. (Original) The data processing system of claim 12, wherein the base geometry property comprises a plurality of vertices defining a mesh.

Appln. No.: 10/691,442 Preliminary Amendment

- 15. (Original) The data processing system of claim 13, wherein the base material property comprises an ambient color, a diffusive color, and a specular color.
- 16. (Original) The data processing system of claim 15, wherein each of the ambient color, diffusive color, and specular color are defined at least by an ARGB value.
- 17. (Original) The data processing system of claim 13, wherein the base material property comprises a reflection scalar and a refraction index.
- 18. (Original) The data processing system of claim 13, wherein the base material property comprises a diffuse texture and a bump texture.
- 19. (Original) The data processing system of claim 11, wherein the memory stores, for at least one primary content object, a content geometry and a content surface.
- 20. (Original) The data processing system of claim 19, wherein the content surface comprises an ARGB texture.
- 21. (Original) A computer implemented method of displaying a window in a graphical user interface of a shell of an operating system, comprising:

receiving window information from an instance of an application program; and rendering a window having a base object and a plurality of discrete primary content objects.

- 22. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein rendering is based on base content margins, a base extent, and a base material.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein rendering is based on a base geometry defined by a mesh.

Appln. No.: 10/691,442 Preliminary Amendment

- 24. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein rendering is based on base material properties comprising an ambient color, a diffusive color, and a specular color.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein each of the ambient color, diffusive color, and specular color are defined as an ARGB value.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein rendering is based on base material properties comprising a reflection scalar and a refraction index.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein rendering is based on base material properties comprising a diffuse texture and a bump texture.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein rendering is based on a content geometry and a content surface for each primary content object.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 28, wherein rendering is based on content surface properties comprising an ARGB texture for each primary content object.
  - 30. (Original) The method of claim 23, further comprising: receiving user input to resize the window;

dividing the mesh into three regions per mesh dimension;

for each region, maintaining offsets of mesh vertices in any dimension by which the region is bounded by a bounding box of the window, and scaling mesh vertices in any dimension by which the region is not bounded by the bounding box of the window.

31. (Original) A method for resizing a window having two primary content objects, the window defined in part by a mesh, comprising:

dividing the mesh into three regions per mesh dimension;

for each region, maintaining offsets of mesh vertices in any dimension by which the region is bounded by a bounding box of the window, and scaling mesh vertices in any dimension by which the region is not bounded by the bounding box of the window.

- 32. (Original) The method of claim 31, wherein the regions are equally sized.
- 33. (Original) The method of claim 31, wherein the regions are not equally sized.
- 34. (Original) The method of claim 33, wherein regions bounded by the bounding box are as small as necessary to encompass material that should not be scaled.
- 35. (New) One or more computer readable media storing computer executable instructions for providing a graphical user interface in a window rendered on a computer disaply device, said user interface comprising:
- a first primary content region within the window, said first primary content region corresponding to first content provided by an application program;
- a second primary content region within the window, visually disconnected from said first primary content region, said second primary content region corresponding to second content provided by the application program;
- a base frame region encircling each of said first primary content region and said second primary content region, said base frame region corresponding to content provided by an operating system.
- 36. (New) The computer readable media of claim 35, wherein the base frame region defines a boundary of the window.